

Amplifier Built-in

# Ultra-compact Laser Sensor

EX-L200 SERIES



# EX-L200 SERIES



CE

UK  
CAFDA  
Conforming to  
FDA regulationsGB  
Conforming to  
GB 7247.1

This product is classified as a Class 1 Laser Product in IEC / EN / JIS / GB / KS standards and in FDA\* regulations. Do not look at the laser beam through optical system such as a lens.

\*This product complies with the FDA regulations (FDA 21 CFR 1040.10 and 1040.11) in accordance with FDA Laser Notice No. 56, except for complying with IEC 60825-1 Ed. 3.

PNP output  
type availableInterference  
prevention

## Introducing ultra-compact amplifier built-in laser sensor

### Ultra-compact

Due to the customized IC and optical design, high precision detection is fulfilled with directivity and visibility achievable only by laser. The laser adopted is Class 1 (IEC / EN / JIS / GB / KS / FDA) laser that is safe to use, so that there is no need to separate the areas of sensor usage.

#### THRU-BEAM TYPE

##### Minute object detection type EX-L211

Spread the beam and lower its density, thus even a minute object can be detected with a small change in the light received intensity. Spot size:  $6 \times 4 \text{ mm}$   $0.236 \times 0.157 \text{ in}$  approx. (Visual reference value at a distance from the emitter of 1 m  $3.281 \text{ ft}$ )

##### Long sensing range type EX-L212

A long range detection of 3 m  $9.843 \text{ ft}$  is achieved. High precision detection with minimum beam spread is possible even in a long range.

Spot size:  $8 \times 5.5 \text{ mm}$   $0.315 \times 0.217 \text{ in}$  approx. (Visual reference value at a distance from the emitter of 1 m  $3.281 \text{ ft}$ )

#### RETROREFLECTIVE TYPE

##### Long sensing range type EX-L291

Achieving ease of installation and 4 m  $13.123 \text{ ft}$  long sensing range.

Spot size:  $6 \times 4 \text{ mm}$   $0.236 \times 0.157 \text{ in}$  approx. (Visual reference value at a distance from the emitter of 1 m  $3.281 \text{ ft}$ )

#### SPOT REFLECTIVE TYPE

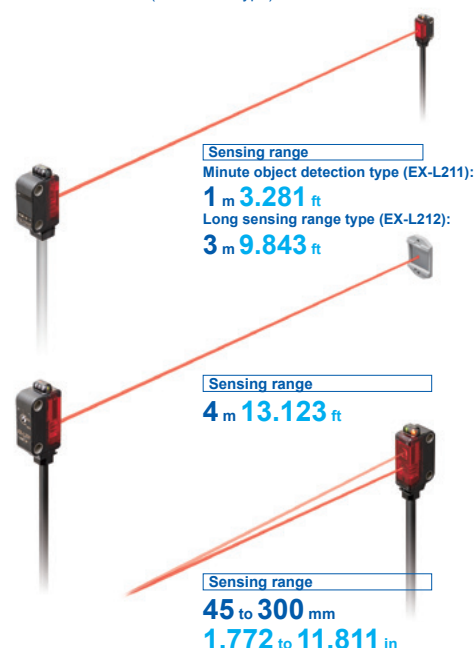
##### Minute object detection type EX-L221

Highly precise sensing with minimum  $0.01 \text{ mm}$   $0.0004 \text{ in}$  diameter. Many applications are possible due to the 300 mm  $11.811 \text{ in}$  long sensing range.

Spot size:  $\varnothing 1 \text{ mm}$   $\varnothing 0.039 \text{ in}$  or less (Reference value at a distance from the emitter of 300 mm  $11.811 \text{ in}$ )

General-purpose  
photoelectric sensor

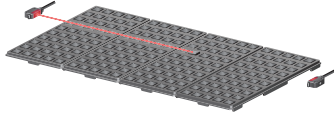
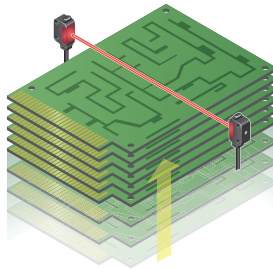
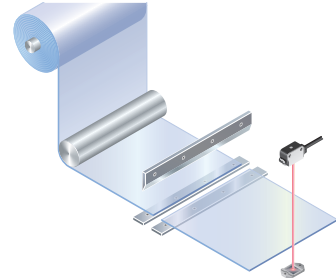
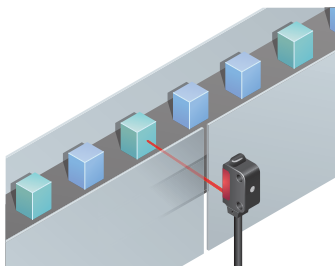
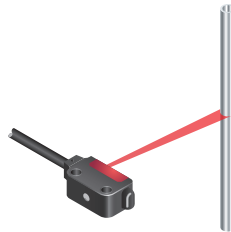
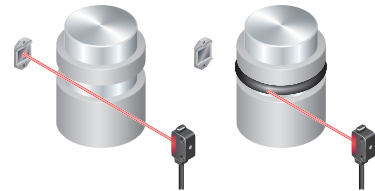
Depth **12 mm 0.472 in**  
W8.2 × H23.4 × D12 mm  
W0.323 × H0.921 × D0.472 in  
(Thru-beam type)



**Sensing range**  
Minute object detection type (EX-L211):  
**1 m 3.281 ft**  
Long sensing range type (EX-L212):  
**3 m 9.843 ft**

**Sensing range**  
**4 m 13.123 ft**

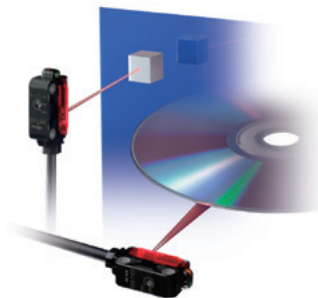
**Sensing range**  
**45 to 300 mm**  
**1.772 to 11.811 in**

**APPLICATIONS****Detecting ICs that are out of position in multiple palettes****Confirming arrival of substrate****Determining cutting position of sheet****Sensing unevenly-colored workpieces****Sensing glossy or curved-surface workpiece, such as metallic pipes****Detecting O-ring****CONVERGENT REFLECTIVE TYPE****Spot type****EX-L261**

Highly precise sensing with minimum 0.01 mm **0.0004 in** diameter. Not affected by the background, and able to reliably sense unevenly-colored workpieces.  
Spot size:  $\varnothing 1$  mm  **$\varnothing 0.039$  in** or less (Reference value at a sensing distance of 50 mm **1.969 in**)

**Line spot type****EX-L262**

Able to sense thin, glossy or curved-surface workpieces due to line beam.  
Spot size:  $5 \times 1$  mm  **$0.197 \times 0.039$  in** approx. (Visual reference value at a sensing distance of 50 mm **1.969 in**)

**Sensing range**

Spot type (EX-L261):

**20 to 50 mm**  
**0.787 to 1.969 in**

**Sensing range**

Line spot type (EX-L262):

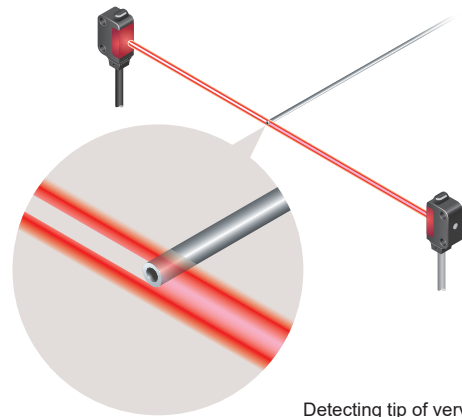
**20 to 70 mm**  
**0.787 to 2.756 in**

**HIGH PRECISION****Highly accurate detection** **EX-L211/L221****Suitable for positioning and minute object detection**

A repeatability of 0.02 mm **0.0008 in** or less at a range of from 100 to 200 mm **3.937 to 7.874 in** makes this type best suitable for positioning applications (typical, **EX-L221**). Moreover, it boasts a top-class detection precision in the compact laser sensor category with the gold wire of  $\varnothing 0.01$  mm  **$\varnothing 0.0004$  in**.

Model No. (Minute object detection type)	Minimum sensing object (Typical)	Repeatability (Typical)
<b>EX-L211</b> (Thru-beam type)	$\varnothing 0.3$ mm <b><math>\varnothing 0.012</math> in</b>	0.01 mm <b>0.0004 in</b> or less
<b>EX-L221</b> (Spot reflective type)	$\varnothing 0.01$ mm <b><math>\varnothing 0.0004</math> in</b>	0.02 mm <b>0.0008 in</b> or less

\* Typical values when the sensitivity adjuster is optimally adjusted.



Detecting tip of very thin pipe

**Dependable technology yields high precision****Incorporating a high-precision aspheric glass lens**

Light aberrations are reduced and a high definition laser spot is possible by incorporating a molded aspheric glass lens.

**Small receiver aperture for precision detection****EX-L211/L212**

Errant beams are eliminated by the  $\varnothing 0.5$  mm  **$\varnothing 0.020$  in** receiver aperture. Only beams entering the aperture are used, making for high-precision sensing.

**Stable convergent distance sensing****For sensing when background object presents**

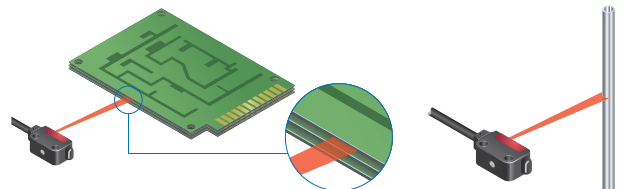
Due to convergent distance sensing, the background has very little effect, enabling stable sensing. Sensitivity adjuster allows you to adjust sensitivity to avoid sensing background objects when the distance between the workpiece and background objects is small.

**For sensing unevenly-colored workpieces**

Able to reliably sense unevenly-colored workpieces.

**For sensing thin, glossy or curved-surface workpieces (Line spot type EX-L262)****EX-L261/L262**

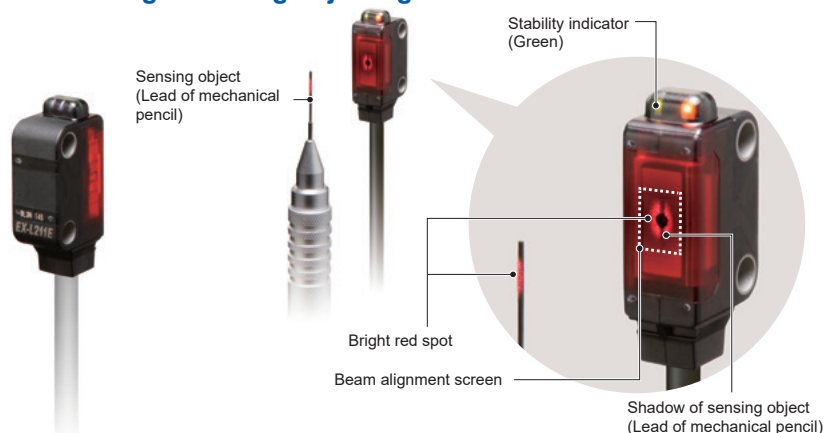
Able to sense glossy or curved-surface workpieces, such as PCB and metallic pipes, due to a wide line laser beam.



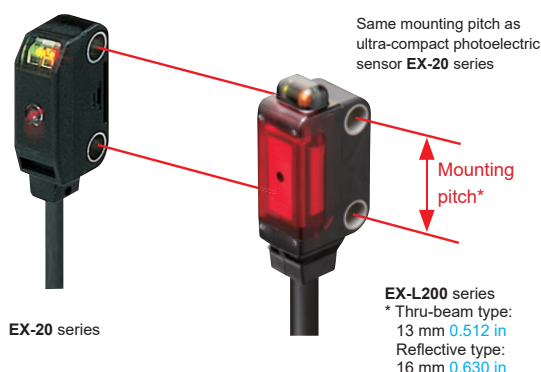
**EASY ALIGNMENT****Easy beam-axis alignment****EX-L211/L212**

**Visual positioning is easy due to silhouetting a sensing object against a receiver.**

Visually confirm the optimal receiver position, adjusting the beam axis by aligning the objects while watching the red spot on the beam alignment screen. The diagram on the right shows an example with the lead of a mechanical pencil being detected through visual adjustment.

**EASY SETTING****Same mounting pitch as ultra-compact photoelectric sensor**

**EX-L200** series has the same mounting pitch as ultra-compact photoelectric sensor **EX-20** series so that the time taken in designing is saved.

**ENVIRONMENTAL RESISTANCE****Strong against water and dust with protection structure IP67**

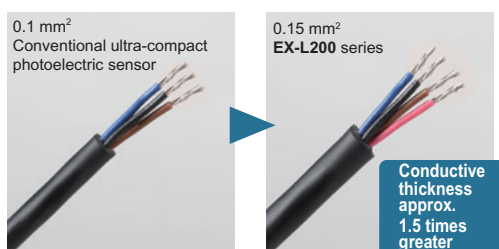
The sensor can be used even in environment where water or dust present because of its protection structure IP67.

**EASY TO USE****M3 screw used for secure tightening**

The mounting holes have metal sleeves inserted to prevent damage to the sensor due to over tightening of the screws.  
(Tightening torque: 0.5 N·m)

**Conductor thickness 1.5 times increased to make wiring easier**

The lead wire conductor's thickness is increased to 0.15 mm<sup>2</sup> from 0.1 mm<sup>2</sup> of the conventional ultra-compact photoelectric sensor. This makes it easier to perform crimping work on the cables for better workability. In addition, the tensile strength of the crimping area has become stronger.

**Sensitivity adjuster (excluding EX-L212□)**

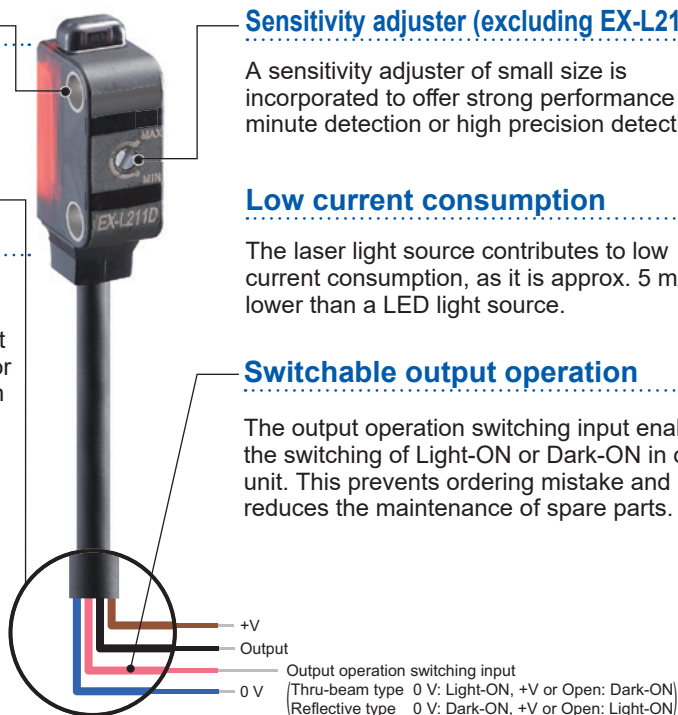
A sensitivity adjuster of small size is incorporated to offer strong performance in minute detection or high precision detection.

**Low current consumption**












The laser light source contributes to low current consumption, as it is approx. 5 mA lower than a LED light source.

**Switchable output operation**

The output operation switching input enables the switching of Light-ON or Dark-ON in one unit. This prevents ordering mistake and reduces the maintenance of spare parts.

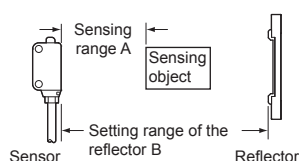


**ORDER GUIDE**

Type		Appearance	Sensing range	Model No.		Emission spot size (Typical)	Sensitivity adjuster
				NPN output	PNP output		
Thru-beam	Minute object detection		 1 m <b>3.281 ft</b>	<b>EX-L211</b>	<b>EX-L211-P</b>	Approx. 6 × 4 mm <b>0.236 × 0.157 in</b> (at a sensing distance of 1 m <b>3.281 ft</b> )	Incorporated
	Long sensing range		 3 m <b>9.843 ft</b>	<b>EX-L212</b>	<b>EX-L212-P</b>	Approx. 8 × 5.5 mm <b>0.315 × 0.217 in</b> (at a sensing distance of 1 m <b>3.281 ft</b> )	—
Retroreflective	Long sensing range		 4 m <b>13.123 ft</b> (Note 2)	<b>EX-L291</b>	<b>EX-L291-P</b>	Approx. 6 × 4 mm <b>0.236 × 0.157 in</b> (at a sensing distance of 1 m <b>3.281 ft</b> )	Incorporated
Spot reflective	Minute object detection		 45 to 300 mm <b>1.772 to 11.811 in</b> (Note 3)	<b>EX-L221</b>	<b>EX-L221-P</b>	ø1 mm <b>ø0.039 in</b> or less (at a sensing distance of 300 mm <b>11.811 in</b> )	Incorporated
Convergent reflective	Spot		 20 to 50 mm <b>0.787 to 1.969 in</b> (Note 3) (Convergent point: 22 mm <b>0.866 in</b> )	<b>EX-L261</b>	<b>EX-L261-P</b>	ø1 mm <b>ø0.039 in</b> or less (at a sensing distance of 50 mm <b>1.969 in</b> )	Incorporated
	Line spot		 20 to 70 mm <b>0.787 to 2.756 in</b> (Note 3) (Convergent point: 22 mm <b>0.866 in</b> )	<b>EX-L262</b>	<b>EX-L262-P</b>	Approx. 5 × 1 mm <b>0.197 × 0.039 in</b> (at a sensing distance of 50 mm <b>1.969 in</b> )	Incorporated

Notes: 1) The model No. with "E" shown on the label affixed to the thru-beam type sensor is the emitter, "D" shown on the label is the receiver.

2) The sensing range is the value for **RF-330** reflector. The sensing range represents the actual sensing range of the sensor. The sensing ranges itemized in "A" of the table below may vary depending on the shape of sensing object. Be sure to check the operation with the actual sensing object.



	RF-330 (Accessory)		RF-210 (Optional)	
	With PF-EXL2-1 polarizing filters (Note 4)		With PF-EXL2-1 polarizing filters (Note 4)	
A	0 to 4 m <b>0 to 13.123 ft</b>	0 to 4 m <b>0 to 13.123 ft</b>	0 to 1.8 m <b>0 to 5.906 ft</b>	0 to 1.2 m <b>0 to 3.937 ft</b>
B	0.2 to 4 m <b>0.656 to 13.123 ft</b>	0.4 to 4 m <b>1.312 to 13.123 ft</b> (Note 5)	0.16 to 1.8 m <b>0.525 to 5.906 ft</b>	0.25 to 1.2 m <b>0.820 to 3.937 ft</b> (Note 5)

3) The sensing range is specified for white non-glossy paper (100 × 100 mm **3.937 × 3.937 in**) as the object.

4) Refer to "OPTIONS (p.8)" for the polarizing filter **PF-EXL2-1** and the reflector **RF-210**.

5) When positioning the reflector nearby, the angular characteristic become more narrow. Adjust the angle of a sensor or reflector.

**M8 pigtailed type and 5 m 16.404 ft cable length type**

M8 pigtailed type and 5 m **16.404 ft** cable length type (standard: 2 m **6.562 ft**) are also available.

When ordering these types, suffix "-J" for the M8 pigtailed type, "-C5" for the 5 m **16.404 ft** cable length type to the model No.

Please order the mating cable for the M8 pigtailed type separately.

(e.g.) M8 pigtailed type of **EX-L211-P** is "**EX-L211-P-J**"

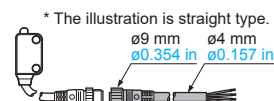
5 m **16.404 ft** cable length type of **EX-L211-P** is "**EX-L211-P-C5**"

• **Mating cable** (2 cables are required for the thru-beam type.)

Type	Model No.	Cable length
Straight	<b>CN-24A-C2</b>	2 m <b>6.562 ft</b>
	<b>CN-24A-C5</b>	5 m <b>16.404 ft</b>
Elbow	<b>CN-24AL-C2</b>	2 m <b>6.562 ft</b>
	<b>CN-24AL-C5</b>	5 m <b>16.404 ft</b>

**Mating cable**

- **CN-24A-C2**
- **CN-24A-C5**
- **CN-24AL-C2**
- **CN-24AL-C5**

**Package without reflector**

Retroreflective type is also available without the reflector.

Type	Model No.	
	NPN output	PNP output
Retroreflective type	<b>EX-L291-Y</b>	<b>EX-L291-P-Y</b>
M8 pigtailed type	<b>EX-L291-J-Y</b>	<b>EX-L291-P-J-Y</b>
5 m <b>16.404 ft</b> cable length type	<b>EX-L291-C5-Y</b>	<b>EX-L291-P-C5-Y</b>

**Accessories**

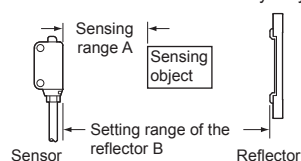
- **MS-EXL2-2** (Mounting plate for thru-beam type): 1 pc.
- **MS-EXL2-3** (Mounting plate for retroreflective / spot reflective / convergent reflective type): 1 pc.
- **RF-330** (Reflector): 1 pc.

**SPECIFICATIONS**

		Type	Thru-beam		Retroreflective	Spot reflective	Convergent reflective			
			Minute object detection	Long sensing range	Long sensing range	Minute object detection	Spot	Line spot		
Item	Model No.	NPN output	EX-L211	EX-L212	EX-L291	EX-L221	EX-L261	EX-L262		
		PNP output	EX-L211-P	EX-L212-P	EX-L291-P	EX-L221-P	EX-L261-P	EX-L262-P		
Applicable regulations and certifications			CE Marking (EMC Directive, RoHS Directive), UKCA Marking (EMC Regulations, RoHS Regulations), FDA Regulations, Chinese Standard GB 7247.1							
Sensing range			1 m <b>3.281 ft</b>	3 m <b>9.843 ft</b>	4 m <b>13.123 ft</b> (Note 2)	45 to 300 mm <b>1.772 to 11.811 in</b> (Note 3)	20 to 50 mm <b>0.787 to 1.969 in</b> (Convergent point: 22 mm <b>0.866 in</b> ) (Note 3)	20 to 70 mm <b>0.787 to 2.756 in</b> (Convergent point: 22 mm <b>0.866 in</b> ) (Note 3)		
Emission spot size (Typical)			Approx. 6 × 4 mm <b>0.236 × 0.157 in</b> (vertical × horizontal) (at a sensing distance of 1 m)	Approx. 8 × 5.5 mm <b>0.315 × 0.217 in</b> (vertical × horizontal) (at a sensing distance of 1 m) (Note 4)	Approx. 6 × 4 mm <b>0.236 × 0.157 in</b> (vertical × horizontal) (at a sensing distance of 1 m) (Note 4)	ø1 mm <b>ø0.039 in</b> or less (at a sensing distance of 300 mm) (Note 5)	ø1 mm <b>ø0.039 in</b> or less (at a sensing distance of 50 mm) (Note 5)	Approx. 5 × 1 mm <b>0.197 × 0.039 in</b> (vertical × horizontal) (at a sensing distance of 50 mm)		
Sensing object			Opaque object of ø2 mm <b>ø0.079 in</b> or more	Opaque object of ø3 mm <b>ø0.118 in</b> or more	Opaque, translucent object of ø5 mm <b>ø0.194 in</b> or more	Opaque, translucent or transparent object (Note 7)				
Minimum sensing object (Typical) (Note 6)			Opaque object of ø0.3 mm <b>ø0.012 in</b>			Gold wire of ø0.01 mm <b>ø0.0004 in</b>				
Hysteresis					20 % or less of operation distance					
Repeatability			Perpendicular to sensing axis: 0.05 mm <b>0.0020 in</b> or less		Perpendicular to sensing axis: 0.2 mm <b>0.0080 in</b> or less					
Repeatability (Typical) (perpendicular to sensing axis) (Note 6)			0.01 mm <b>0.0004 in</b> or less (all area)			0.02 mm <b>0.0008 in</b> or less (at 100 to 200 mm sensing distance)				
Supply voltage			12 to 24 V DC ±10 % Ripple P-P 10 % or less							
Current consumption			Emitter: 10 mA or less, Receiver: 10 mA or less		15 mA or less					
Output			<NPN output type> NPN open-collector transistor • Maximum sink current: 50 mA • Applied voltage: 26.4 V DC or less (between output and 0 V) • Residual voltage: 2 V or less (at 50 mA sink current) 1 V or less (at 16 mA sink current)			<PNP output type> PNP open-collector transistor • Maximum source current: 50 mA • Applied voltage: 26.4 V DC or less (between output and +V) • Residual voltage: 2 V or less (at 50 mA source current) 1 V or less (at 16 mA source current)				
			Output operation						Light-ON / Dark-ON selectable by the output operation switching input	
			Short-circuit protection						Incorporated (short-circuit protection / inverse polarity protection)	
Response time			0.5 ms or less							
Operation indicator			Orange LED (lights up when the output is ON) (incorporated on the receiver for thru-beam type)							
Stability indicator			Green LED (lights up under stable light received condition or stable dark condition) (incorporated on the receiver for thru-beam type)							
Power indicator			Green LED (lights up when the power is ON) (incorporated on the emitter)							
Automatic interference prevention function					Incorporated (Two sensors can be mounted close together.)					
Sensitivity adjuster			Continuously variable adjuster (receiver)		Continuously variable adjuster					
Environmental resistance	Protection		IP67 (IEC)							
	Ambient temperature		-10 to +55 °C <b>+14 to +131 °F</b> (No dew condensation or icing allowed), Storage: -30 to +70 °C <b>-22 to +158 °F</b>							
	Ambient humidity		35 to 85 % RH, Storage: 35 to 85 % RH							
	Ambient illuminance		Incandescent light: 3,000 lx or less at the light-receiving face							
	Voltage withstandability		1,000 V AC for one min. between all supply terminals connected together and enclosure							
	Insulation resistance		20 MΩ, or more, with 250 V DC megger between all supply terminals connected together and enclosure							
	Vibration resistance		10 to 500 Hz frequency, 1.5 mm <b>0.059 in</b> double amplitude (10 G max.) in X, Y and Z directions for two hours each							
	Shock resistance		500 m/s <sup>2</sup> acceleration (50 G approx.) in X, Y and Z directions three times each							
Emitting element			Red semiconductor laser Class 1 [IEC / EN / JIS / GB / KS / FDA (Note 8)] (Maximum output: EX-L211□ / EX-L212□ 1 mW, EX-L291□ 0.5 mW, EX-L221□ 2 mW, EX-L261□ 1 mW, EX-L262□ 1.3 mW, Peak emission wavelength: 655 nm <b>0.026 mil</b> )							
Material			Enclosure: Polybutylene terephthalate, Front cover: Acrylic, Lens: Glass, Indicator part: Polyarylate							
Cable			0.15 mm <sup>2</sup> 4-core (emitter of a thru-beam type: 2-core) cabtyre cable, 2 m <b>6.562 ft</b> long							
Cable extension			Extension up to total 50 m <b>164.042 ft</b> is possible with 0.3 mm <sup>2</sup> , or more, cable (thru-beam type: Total 100 m <b>328.084 ft</b> both emitter and receiver).							
Weight			Net weight: Emitter 40 g approx., Receiver 40 g approx., Gross weight: 90 g approx.		Net weight: 45 g approx., Gross weight: 60 g approx.					
Accessories			<b>MS-EXL2-2</b> (Mounting plate): 2 pcs.		RF-330 (Reflector): 1 pc. MS-EXL2-3 (Metal plate): 1 pc.	<b>MS-EXL2-3</b> (Mounting plate): 1 pc.				

Notes: 1) Where measurement conditions have not been specified precisely, the conditions used were an ambient temperature of +23 °C **+73.4 °F**.

2) The sensing range is the value for **RF-330** reflector. The sensing range represents the actual sensing range of the sensor. The sensing ranges itemized in "A" of the table below may vary depending on the shape of sensing object. Be sure to check the operation with the actual sensing object.



	RF-330 (Accessory)	With PF-EXL2-1 polarizing filters *1	RF-210 (Optional)	With PF-EXL2-1 polarizing filters *1
A	0 to 4 m <b>0 to 13.123 ft</b>	0 to 4 m <b>0 to 13.123 ft</b>	0 to 1.8 m <b>0 to 5.906 ft</b>	0 to 1.2 m <b>0 to 3.937 ft</b>
B	0.2 to 4 m <b>0.656 to 13.123 ft</b>	0.4 to 4 m <b>1.312 to 13.123 ft</b> *2	0.16 to 1.8 m <b>0.525 to 5.906 ft</b>	0.25 to 1.2 m <b>0.820 to 3.937 ft</b> *2

\*1 Refer to "**OPTIONS**" (p.8) for the polarizing filter **PF-EXL2-1** and the reflector **RF-210**.

\*2 When positioning the reflector nearby, the angular characteristic become more narrow. Adjust the angle of a sensor or reflector.

3) The sensing range is specified for white non-glossy paper (100 × 100 mm **3.937 × 3.937 in**) as the object.

4) **EX-L212**□: In the case sensing distance is 3 m **9.843 ft**, the emission spot size is H 17 × W 11 mm **H 0.669 × W 0.433 in** (visual reference value).

**EX-L291**□: In the case sensing distance is 4 m **13.123 ft**, the emission spot size is H 18 × W 10 mm **H 0.709 × W 0.394 in** (visual reference value).

5) These values were defined by using 1/e<sup>2</sup> (13.5 % approx.) of the center light intensity.

6) Typical values when the sensitivity adjuster is optimally adjusted.

7) Make sure to confirm detection with an actual sensor before use.

8) This product complies with the FDA regulations (FDA 21 CFR 1040.10 and 1040.11) in accordance with FDA Laser Notice No. 56, except for complying with IEC 60825-1 Ed. 3.

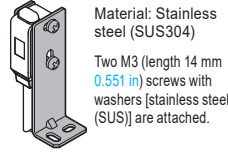
## OPTIONS

Designation	Model No.	Description
Sensor mounting bracket	<b>MS-EXL2-1</b>	Foot angled mounting bracket (The thru-beam type sensor needs two brackets.)
	<b>MS-EXL2-5</b>	Back angled mounting bracket (The thru-beam type sensor needs two brackets.)
	<b>MS-EXL2-6</b>	Compatible bracket for thru-beam type A bracket to easily mount <b>EX-L21</b> on the 25.4 mm <b>1.000 in</b> pitch sensor mounting bracket: Use with the mounting plate attached to the sensor. Two brackets are needed when used for the emitter and the receiver.
Universal sensor mounting bracket	<b>MS-EXL2-4</b>	It can adjust the height and the angle of the sensor. (The thru-beam type sensor needs two brackets.)
Polarizing filter	<b>PF-EXL2-1</b>	For retroreflective type <b>EX-L291</b> Stabilizes sensitivity of the reflective surface.
Reflector	<b>RF-210</b>	For retroreflective type <b>EX-L291</b> Sensing range: 1.8 m <b>5.906 in</b> (Note)
Reflector mounting bracket	<b>MS-RF21-1</b>	Protective mounting bracket for <b>RF-210</b> It protects the reflector from damage and maintains alignment.

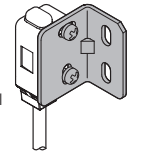
Note: Set the distance between the reflector and sensor to be at least  
0.16 m **0.525 ft**. Refer to "ORDER GUIDE (p.6)" for details.

### Sensor mounting bracket

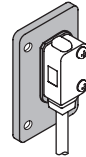
#### • MS-EXL2-1



#### • MS-EXL2-5



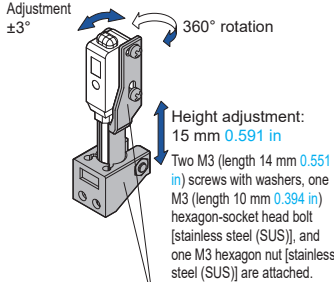
#### • MS-EXL2-6



Material: Stainless steel (SUS304)  
Two M3 (length 12 mm **0.472 in**)  
screws with washers [stainless steel  
(SUS)] are attached.

### Universal sensor mounting bracket

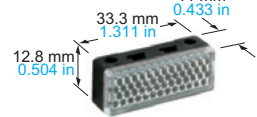
#### • MS-EXL2-4



Material: Die-cast zinc alloy

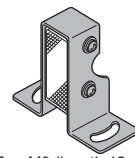
### Reflector

#### • RF-210



### Reflector mounting bracket

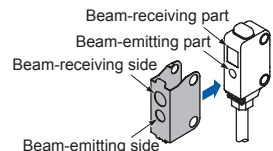
#### • MS-RF21-1



Two M3 (length 12 mm **0.472 in**)  
screws with washers are attached.

### Polarizing filter

#### • PF-EXL2-1

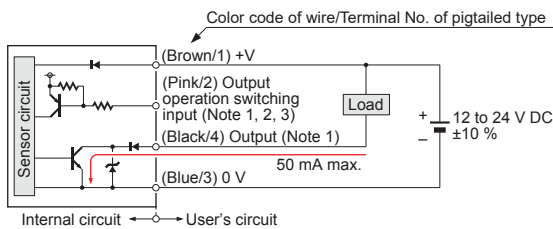


Material: Stainless steel (SUS304)

## I/O CIRCUIT DIAGRAMS

### NPN output type

#### I/O circuit diagram



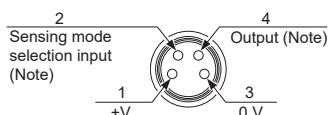
- Notes: 1) The emitter of a thru-beam type does not incorporate output (black/4) and output operation switching input (pink/2).  
2) Be able to select either Light-ON or Dark-ON by wiring the output operation switching input (pink/2) as shown in the following table.

Type	Light-ON	Dark-ON
Thru-beam, Retroreflective	Connect to 0 V	Connect to +V or, Open
Spot reflective/ Convergent reflective	Connect to +V or, Open	Connect to 0 V

\* Insulate the output operation switching input wire (pink/2) when leaving it open.

- 3) When connecting the mating cable to the pigtailed type, color code of wire is "white".

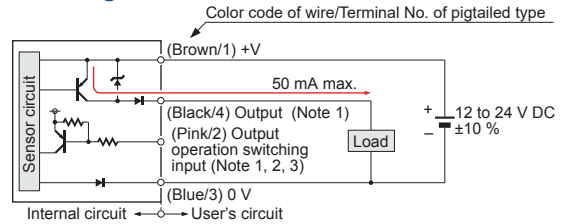
### Connector pin position (pigtailed type)



Note: The emitter of a thru-beam type does not incorporate output and output operation switching input.

### PNP output type

#### I/O circuit diagram



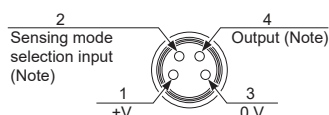
- Notes: 1) The emitter of a thru-beam type does not incorporate output (black/4) and output operation switching input (pink/2).  
2) Be able to select either Light-ON or Dark-ON by wiring the output operation switching input (pink/2) as shown in the following table.

Type	Light-ON	Dark-ON
Thru-beam, Retroreflective	Connect to 0 V	Connect to +V or, Open
Spot reflective/ Convergent reflective	Connect to +V or, Open	Connect to 0 V

\* Insulate the output operation switching input wire (pink/2) when leaving it open.

- 3) When connecting the mating cable to the pigtailed type, color code of wire is "white".

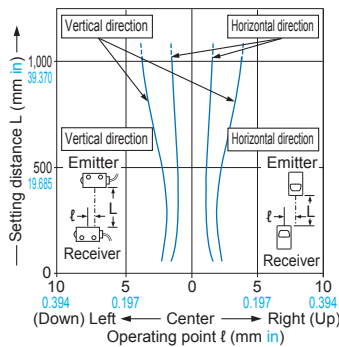
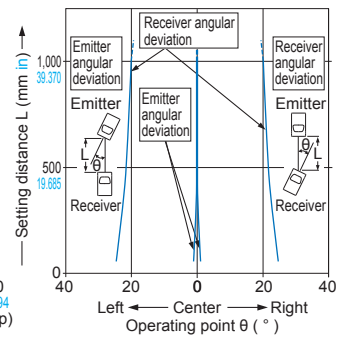
### Connector pin position (pigtailed type)



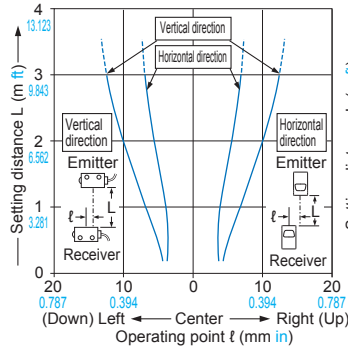
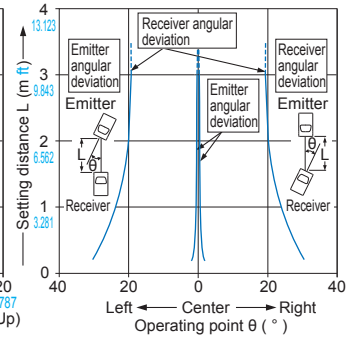
Note: The emitter of a thru-beam type does not incorporate output and output operation switching input.

**SENSING CHARACTERISTICS (TYPICAL)****EX-L211**

Thru-beam type

**Parallel deviation****Angular deviation****EX-L212**

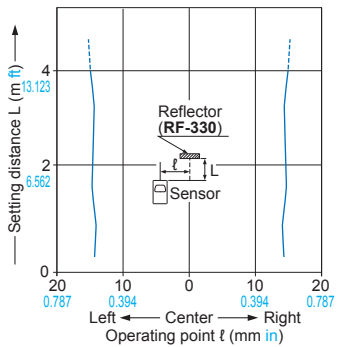
Thru-beam type

**Parallel deviation****Angular deviation****EX-L291**

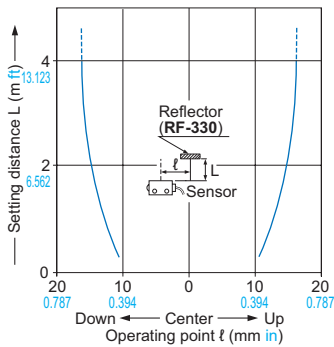
Retroreflective type

**Parallel deviations**

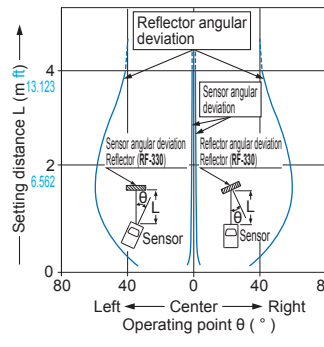
## • Horizontal direction



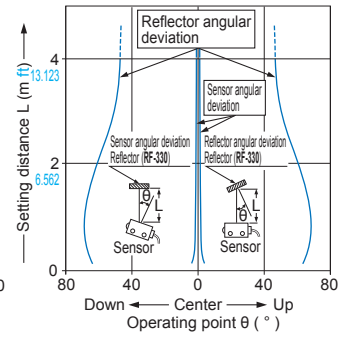
## • Vertical direction

**Angular deviation**

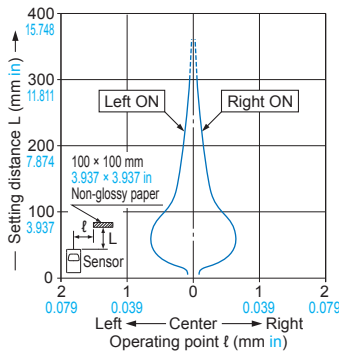
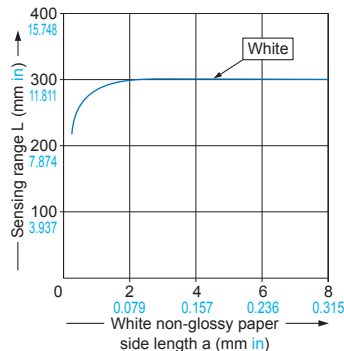
## • Horizontal direction



## • Vertical direction

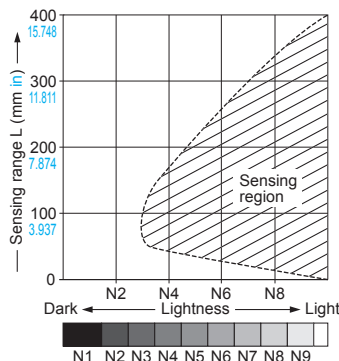
**EX-L221**

Spot reflective type

**Sensing field****Correlation between sensing object size and sensing range**

As the sensing object size becomes smaller than the standard size (white non-glossy paper 100 × 100 mm 3.937 × 3.937 in), the sensing range shortens, as shown in the left graph.

(For plotting the left graph, the sensitivity has been set such that a 100 × 100 mm 3.937 × 3.937 in white non-glossy paper is just detectable at a distance of 300 mm 11.811 in.)

**Correlation between lightness and sensing range**

The sensing region (typical) is represented by oblique lines in the left figure. However, the sensitivity should be set with an enough margin because of slight variation in products.

(The graph is drawn for the maximum sensitivity setting.)

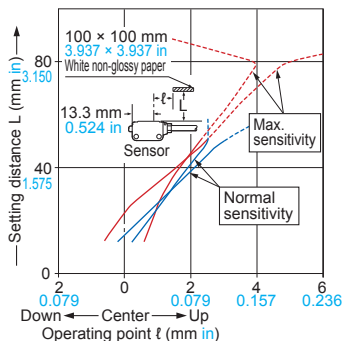
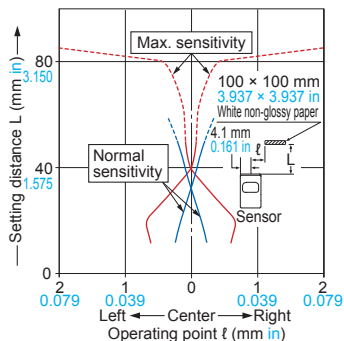
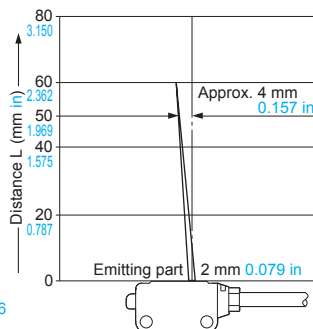
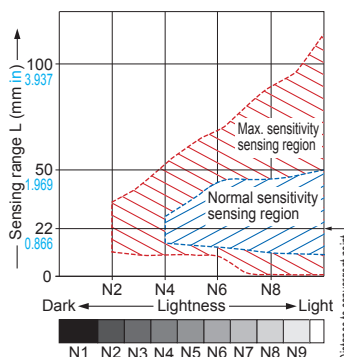
(Lightness shown on the left may differ slightly from the actual object condition.)

**SENSING CHARACTERISTICS (TYPICAL)****EX-L261**

Convergent reflective type

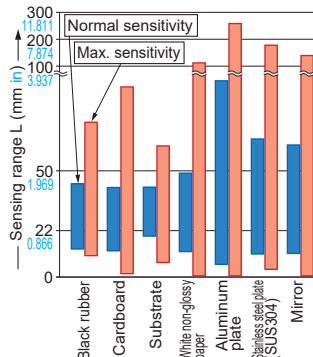
**Sensing fields**

- Horizontal (left and right) direction
- Vertical (up and down) direction

**Emitted beam****Correlation between lightness and sensing range**

The sensing region (typical) is represented by oblique lines in the left figure. However, the sensitivity should be set with enough margin because of slight variation in products.

(Lightness shown on the left may differ slightly from the actual object condition.)

**Correlation between material and sensing range (face-to-face)**

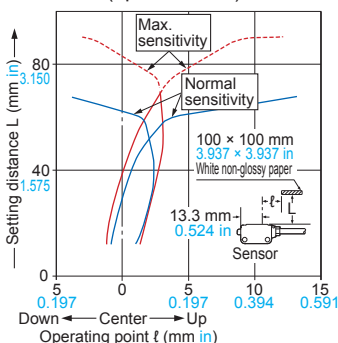
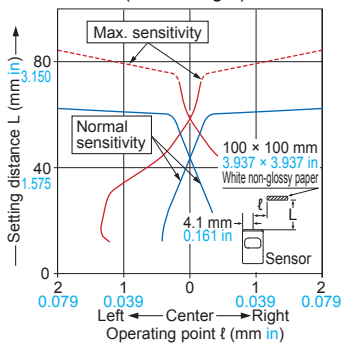
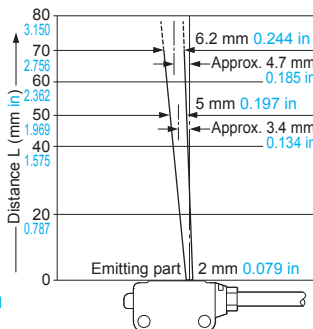
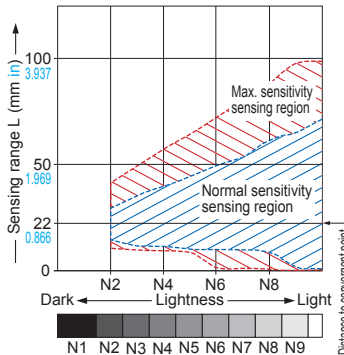
The bars in the graph indicate the sensing range (typical) for the respective material. However, there is a slight variation in the sensing range depending on the product. Further, if there is a reflective object (conveyor, etc.) in the background of the sensing object, since it affects the sensing, separate it by more than twice the sensing range shown in the left graph, or adjust the sensitivity adjuster. Make sure to confirm detection with an actual sensor.

**EX-L262**

Convergent reflective type

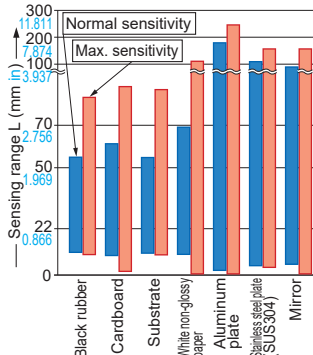
**Sensing fields**

- Horizontal (left and right) direction
- Vertical (up and down) direction

**Emitted beam****Correlation between lightness and sensing range**

The sensing region (typical) is represented by oblique lines in the left figure. However, the sensitivity should be set with enough margin because of slight variation in products.

(Lightness shown on the left may differ slightly from the actual object condition.)

**Correlation between material and sensing range (face-to-face)**

The bars in the graph indicate the sensing range (typical) for the respective material. However, there is a slight variation in the sensing range depending on the product. Further, if there is a reflective object (conveyor, etc.) in the background of the sensing object, since it affects the sensing, separate it by more than twice the sensing range shown in the left graph, or adjust the sensitivity adjuster. Make sure to confirm detection with an actual sensor.

## PRECAUTIONS FOR PROPER USE

- This catalog is a guide to select a suitable product. Be sure to read the instruction manual attached to the product prior to its use.



- Never use this product as a sensing device for personnel protection.
- In case of using sensing devices for personnel protection, use products which meet laws and standards, such as OSHA, ANSI or IEC etc., for personnel protection applicable in each region or country.

### Cautions for laser beams



- This product is classified as a Class 1 Laser Product in IEC / EN / JIS / GB / KS standards and in FDA\* regulations. Do not look at the laser beam through optical system such as a lens.
- The following label is attached to the cable. Handle the product according to the instruction given on the warning label.



Proof label



Warning label

\*This product complies with the FDA regulations (FDA 21 CFR 1040.10 and 1040.11) in accordance with FDA Laser Notice No. 56, except for complying with IEC 60825-1 Ed. 3.

### Safety standards for laser beam products

- For the purpose of preventing any injury which may occur to the user by the use of the laser product in advance, the following standards have been established by the IEC Standards, EN Standards, JIS Standards, GB Standards, KS Standards and FDA Regulations.  
IEC ... IEC 60825-1: 2014  
EN ... EN 60825-1: 2014 / A11: 2021  
JIS ... JIS C 6802: 2014  
GB ... GB 7247.1-2012  
KS ... KS C IEC 60825-1: 2014  
FDA ... PART 1040.10, 1040.11 (Laser Notice No.56 applied)

These standards classifies laser products according to the level of hazard and provide the safety measures for respective classes.

Based on the above standards, **EX-L200** series is classified as a Class 1 laser product.

#### Classification by IEC 60825-1

Classification	Description
Class 1	Lasers that are safe under reasonably foreseeable conditions of operation, including the use of optical instruments for intrabeam viewing.

Note: When an unexpected failure occurs, dangerous radiation may be generated. Therefore, pay special attention to safety.

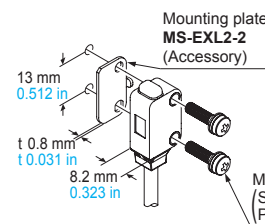
### Safe use of laser products

- For the purpose of preventing users from suffering injuries by laser products, each standard stipulates (Safety of laser products). Kindly check the standards before use.

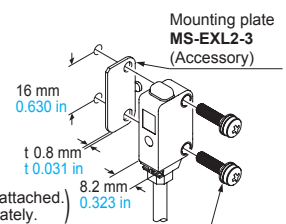
### Mounting

- When mounting this sensor, use a mounting plate (**MS-EXL2-2**, **MS-EXL2-3**). Without using the mounting plate, beam misalignment may occur. Also, install the mounting plate in between the sensor and the mounting surface.
  - The tightening torque should be 0.5 N·m or less.
- Note: The mounting direction of the mounting plate is fixed. Install in a way so that the bending shape is facing the sensor side.

#### EX-L21□

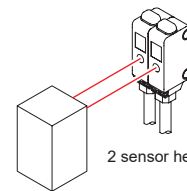


#### EX-L291□/L221□/L261□/262□



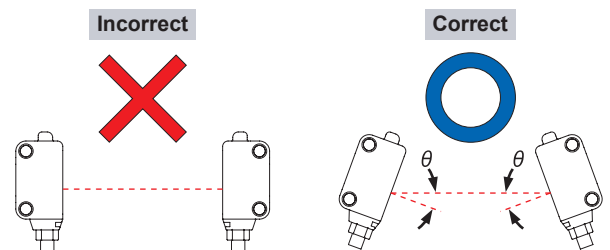
### Automatic interference prevention function

- Spot reflective type sensor incorporate this function. Up to two sets of sensor can be mounted closely. (Thru-beam type sensor does not have this function.)



2 sensor heads can be mounted adjacently.

Note: If two spot reflective type sensor are mounted facing each other, they should be angled so as not to receive the beam from the opposing sensor or to detect its front face.



### Others

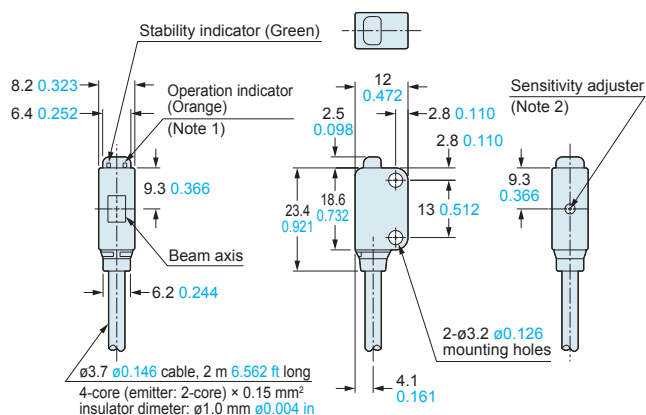
- Do not use during the initial transient time (approx. 50ms) after the power supply is switched ON.
- In case the load and this sensor are connected to different power supplies, be sure to turn ON the power from the sensor.
- The cable may break by applying excess stress in low temperature.
- Do not allow any water, oil fingerprints, etc., which may refract light, or dust, dirt, etc., which may block light, to stick to the emitting/receiving surfaces of the sensor head. In case they are present, wipe them with a clean, soft cloth or lens paper. Do not use this sensor in places having excessive vapor, dust, etc., or where it may come in contact with corrosive gas.
- Take care that the sensor does not come in direct contact with oil, grease, organic solvents, such as, thinner etc., or strong acid, and alkaline.
- Make sure that the power is OFF while cleaning the emitting / receiving windows of the sensor head.
- This device is using a laser which has high directional quality. Therefore the beam possibly be out of alignment by the mounting condition of this device or distortion of housing etc. Make sure to adjust the beam axe alignment before use.

### DIMENSIONS (Unit: mm in)

The CAD data can be downloaded from our website.

**EX-L211(-P) EX-L212(-P)**

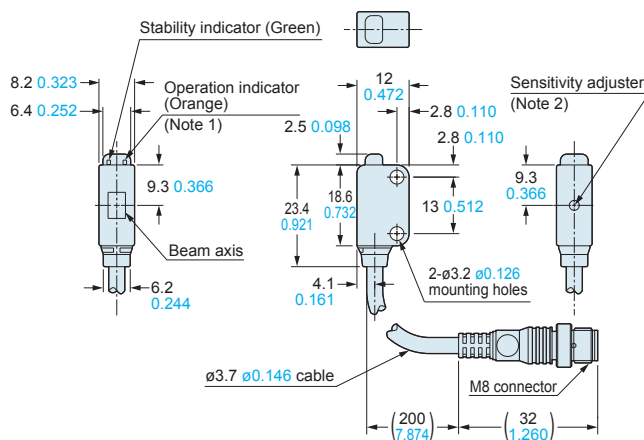
Sensor



Notes: 1) It is the laser radiation indicator (green) on the emitter.  
2) It is incorporated in **EX-L211(-P)** only.

## EX-L211(-P)-J EX-L212(-P)-J

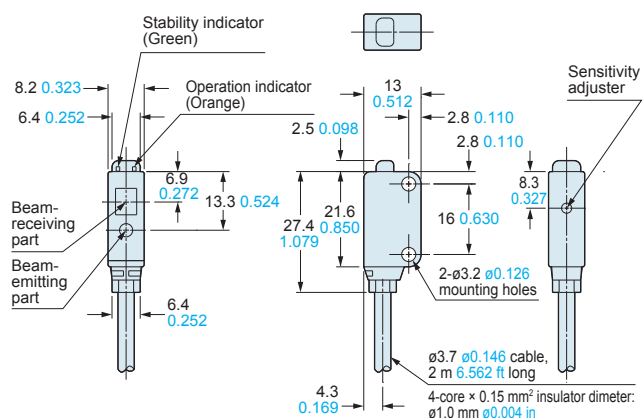
Sensor



Notes: 1) It is the laser radiation indicator (green) on the emitter.  
2) It is incorporated in **EX-L211(-P)-J** only.

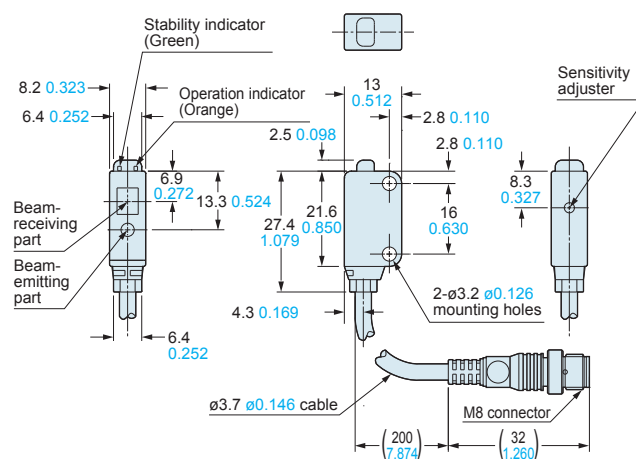
## EX-L291(-P) EX-L221(-P)

Sensor



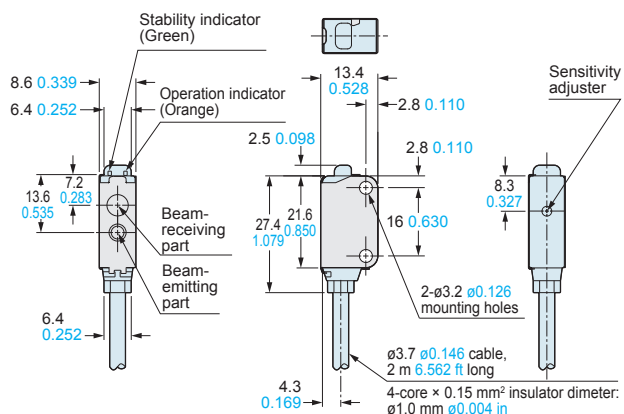
**EX-L291(-P)-J EX-L221(-P)**

Sensor



### Assembly dimensions with polarizing filter (PF-EXL2-1)

### Mounting drawing with EX-L291(-P)



## EX-L261(-P) EX-L262(-P)

Sensor

